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# The Courier-Journal.

VOL. CVI. NEW SERIES—NO. 13,735.

LOUISVILLE, THURSDAY MORNING, AUGUST 9, 1906.—10 PAGES.

SENATE FILES.  
Return to Office of  
Secretary of U. S. Senate

Take care of your advertising and your advertising will take care of you.

PRICE (THREE CENTS.  
FOR TRAINS FIVE CENTS.

## The Weather.

Forecast for Thursday and Friday:  
Kentucky—Fair in west, showers in east portion Thursday; Friday fair.  
Indiana—Fair in south, showers in north portion Thursday; Friday fair and warmer; fresh east winds becoming variable.  
Tennessee—Fair in west, showers in east portion Thursday; Friday fair.

## THE LATEST.

Theodore Stensland, vice president of the defunct Milwaukee Avenue Bank of Chicago, has announced that he will to-day turn over to the receiver the entire estate of his father, Paul O. Stensland. Should this be done, it is believed depositors will receive almost dollar for dollar. Vice President Stensland appeared in court yesterday afternoon. By agreement the hearing of his case was continued until August 18.

Justice Giegerich in New York yesterday granted an application made by Col. A. M. Shook, of Tennessee, for an order to compel the Mutual Life Insurance Company to file a correct list of its policyholders with the State Insurance Department at Albany, and to provide a similar correct list to the International Policyholders' Committee.

An indictment, charging the Standard Oil Company with receiving rebates in the form of nonpayment of storage charges to certain railroad companies was returned by the Federal Grand Jury in Chicago yesterday afternoon. The indictment came as a surprise, inasmuch as the grand jury had just begun the investigation.

Controller of the Treasury Tracewell has decided that the American District Telegraph Company will not be paid for burglar protection placed on vaults in the Louisville public building after May 23, when the service was continued after being ordered stopped.

Five marines are in double irons on board the receiving ship Lancaster at the League Island Navy Yard, and her sailors are under arrest. The men became intoxicated Monday night and started a fight in which two of their number were badly wounded.

Representative Bowers, of Mississippi, last night in Washington predicted the election of a Democratic House in the Sixtieth Congress. He also expressed it as his belief that John Sharp Williams would be elected to succeed Senator Lindsey in 1911.

Judge Lindsey, of Denver, committed to jail George N. Ordway, Henry L. Doherty, Fred A. Williams and J. Cook, Jr., pending payment of fines of \$500 each for contempt of court, in refusing to be sworn in the franchise election contest.

Feudal warfare was brewing in Beattyville last night between the Hargis and anti-Hargis factions, but was stopped by the officers. The selection of a jury to try French, Abner and Smith will begin to-day.

During the coming week it is expected Chairman Benjamin E. Odell will issue a call for a meeting of the New York Republican State Central Committee, probably to be held at Saratoga on October 2.

Many officers of the G. A. R. have endorsed the utterances of Commander-in-Chief Tanner against the abolition by Congress of canteens from national soldiers' homes after next March.

Gov. Hanly of Indiana has set apart a strip of land one mile wide surrounding Fort Benjamin Harrison, and has prohibited the sale of intoxicants on that strip.

Secretary of State Elihu Root has accepted an invitation to speak before the Trans-Mississippi Congress, which will meet in Kansas City, November 20-23.

The New York Yiddish world of letters is soon to be augmented by Solomon Rabinowicz, known in his native country as "The Jewish Mark Twain."

Plans have been completed for the brick warehouse of the American Tobacco Company in Lexington. It will be the largest building in that city.

William J. Bryan and his party spent yesterday in Rome, visiting St. Peter's the Forum, the Coliseum, the Appian Way and the Catacombs.

The trial of the men alleged to have taken part in the recent lynching of three negroes was begun yesterday at Springfield, Mo.

The County Medical Society of New York proposes to form a national organization for the preservation of public health.

William Heinrich, a saloonkeeper, formerly of Louisville, was knocked down by a car and instantly killed in St. Louis.

Secretary of Agriculture Wilson has gained the reputation of being the only Cabinet minister who does not take a vacation.

Postmaster R. P. Salsberry, of Salsberry, Ky., has been arrested charged with tampering with the mails.

William Esler, of Downsville, Wis., killed his seven-year-old daughter by striking her with a jug.

Dr. Samuel B. Crawford, of Chicago, died suddenly while preparing for his wedding.

## TO INVESTIGATE COUNTY RECORDS

The State Inspector Goes to  
Owenton.

Charges Made That Taxes  
Have Been Diverted.

"Sleepers" Alleged to Have  
Been Used.

FORMER OFFICIALS ARE SUED.

Owenton, Ky., Aug. 8.—[Special.]—Called to Owenton to continue an investigation of the affairs of the county officials for the last twelve years, and especially to investigate the charge that the Sheriffs of the county have repeatedly failed to assess a varying portion of the propertyholders each year, and have failed to make any return either to the county or State of the taxes collected from such persons, Henry B. Hines, State Inspector, reached Owenton to-day. He probably will make an examination of the books of the Sheriffs for the last twelve years, and Sam Hines, his assistant, will continue the work.

A number of suits against former county officials for money alleged to have been illegally collected will be filed during the next two or three days, and will ask judgment for amounts aggregating about \$30,000.

It is charged that each of the Sheriffs received for the collection of taxes 1 per cent. This is admitted by each of them, who claims the right to receive that amount under a special act for Owen county in 1882, which has never been repealed, and that it is merely a question of law.

Warrants Issued for Two.

Warrants charging embezzlement have been issued against W. P. Swope and J. W. Hill, and Mr. Swope and Mr. Hill are now under bond of \$2,000 for their appearance at the next term of court. The last grand jury, after an investigation, failed to indict either Mr. Swope or Mr. Hill. Two warrants were issued against Mr. Swope. He is charged with issuing illegal warrants to Hill for his salary as County Judge during the years 1899, 1900 and 1901, and with drawing a warrant for \$600, in favor of himself, without order of court while he was County Clerk. Mr. Swope says the order is of record as of date January 1, 1898. Hill is charged with illegally drawing \$1,200 as salary, while he was County Judge. He claims this was for extra services as shown in accounts rendered.

The two men were arrested on the Saturday preceding a county convention to instruct delegates to a congressional convention before which Mr. Swope was a candidate and he charges that the arrest was for political purposes, to injure him in his race. His bond was signed by about forty of the wealthiest men in the county and was good for about one million dollars. His explanation of the charges against him, which he had made to no one until to-day, is claimed to be a good one in every sense of the word, and it is claimed that the order entered on January 1, 1898, will effectually clear Mr. Swope of the charge of illegally drawing \$600.

Ask State to Investigate.

The application to the Governor for the State Inspector was made after a report had been made to the Fiscal Court by Charles G. Harris, an expert accountant from Louisville. In this report Mr. Harris said he had found records which seemed to show that taxes had been collected from an unassessed list and no return made to the State or county. He said he had run over only a few of the books, but he would put the shortage in unassessed property in one year at about \$75,000 taxable property.

Accountant at Work Since May.

The investigation into the affairs of the county has been in progress since May 1, having been instituted by the present Fiscal Court. The present county officials were elected as a sort of reform ticket, and took the oath of office on January 1. For some time there have been rumors that an investigation was needed. So one of the first things taken up by the new regime was an investigation. Judge Yancey began it himself, by looking over some of the books and records. He found what he thought were errors and defects which should be considered carefully. He brought the matter to the attention of the Fiscal Court, and was directed to employ an expert to look over the books and ascertain if there was anything wrong. The firm of Turner, Harris & Spencer, of Louisville, was employed, and Mr. Harris sent to Owenton. He began work on May 1, and has been here ever since, going into every book and every voucher.

Sue to Recover Money.

As a result of his investigation suits were filed against the Sheriffs to recover

or commissions allowed under the special act. These were dismissed on technicalities. Under the present Constitution, which was adopted in 1892, the Sheriff is allowed 10 per cent. on the first \$5,000 collected, and 4 per cent. on the remainder. Under a special act of the General Assembly, passed before the Sheriff of Owen county was allowed to retain 7 per cent. of all taxes collected. It was contended that the new Constitution repealed this old act. They claim that he had the right to do this under the special act which they claim is still operative. Suits will be filed again, the first suits having been dismissed without prejudice, for the difference between the per cent. allowed the Sheriffs under the new Constitution and the amount allowed under the special act.

Suits Against Hill.

Suits are now pending against J. W. Hill, who served as County Judge for four years beginning in 1898, to recover money received for acting as a member of the Fiscal Court, and for \$1,200 alleged to have been drawn as salary over and above what was legal. These suits have not been tried. They were the first to be filed by the present county officials. In addition to the suits which have been filed and those which are being prepared against the county officers, suits have been prepared against members of the Fiscal Court for the last twelve years to recover money paid to them over and above the \$3 a day which it is claimed the law allows the members of the court for attending meetings. The members of the court have been receiving \$5 a day, and it is claimed by the present court that they should have received only \$3.

Salary Overdrawn.

The expert reported to the Fiscal Court that he found Hill had drawn \$1,000 as salary in 1899; \$1,200 in 1900, and \$1,400 in 1901, although his salary was fixed at \$800. The records showed, it is alleged, that Hill had drawn these amounts without order of the Fiscal Court and that the warrants had been issued by Swope. The expert also reported that he had been unable to find any order of the court allowing Swope \$600 on a claim which was paid by warrant drawn by Swope. These were the charges on which the criminal action was brought and also on which the civil suits were based.

Spite Work Charged.

"The warrants and the suits against me are the result of political malice and my arrest was an attempt on the part of those opposed to me to embarrass me in my race for Congress in this district," said Mr. Swope yesterday when asked about the charges against him. "I have not made any defense as yet and they do not know what I will plead. I will explain the first charge first. While I was County Clerk Judge Hill would come to me for the warrants for his salary. I would issue them, or my deputies would do it for me. Some of the warrants were issued by one or the other of my deputies. I did not know that Judge Hill was drawing more than his salary. If he did, so and not a penny of the money could have come to or benefited me. The claim of \$600 of which they speak was allowed at the December term of the Fiscal Court, which was held in January. The December term was continued until January of the year following and my claim was allowed at this continued term, and if the expert looks over the record of January 1, 1898, he will find it.

"I have been guilty of no wrong, and know that all this is being done as political work. I was a candidate for Congress in this district. The county convention was to be held on Tuesday, July 10. On Saturday, July 7, the grand jury adjourned without returning an indictment against either me or Judge Hill. They said in their report that they did not find the evidence. That afternoon I was arrested on a warrant issued by the County Judge, without an affidavit and without the crime having been committed in his presence. It was not legal, but it was done to injure me in the convention. My bond was signed quickly, and although the same men who had issued the warrant tried to beat me in the convention with another man, I carried the county by four to one.

Can Make Good Defense.

"Judge Hill tells me that he can make a perfectly good defense to any accusations which may be made against him, and that he will clear his skirts of any taint. He is away now, but returned to face a trial which they declined to give him at the last term of court, asking a continuance because one of their foreign attorneys was sick. The whole thing is spite work. As to unassessed property since I have been as Sheriff, I am confident that they will find more returned than they can find to be assessed in this county." The occasion of the State Inspector's visit is the result of a trip to Frankfort of Judge Yancey and two members of the Fiscal Court. Several weeks ago they went to see Gov. Beckham and told him that they believed conditions in Owen county should be investigated, as they believed that many thousands of dollars had been diverted from the State treasury into the pockets of certain persons who had put "sleepers" on the unassessed list. To the Governor it was represented

(Concluded on 2d Page, 7th Column.)

## FEUDAL WAR THREATENED

Between Hargis and Anti-Hargis Factions.

But Officers Step In and Quiet Things.

Selection of a Jury Will Begin To-day.

MANY WITNESSES PRESENT.

Beattyville, Ky., Aug. 8.—[Special.]—Feudal warfare was brewing to-night, and, while no blood was shed, members of the Hargis and anti-Hargis factions went gunning for each other, and Sheriff James P. Sizemore and Jailer L. Spicer gathered in three ugly looking forty-fives when they stepped between the parties.

The Hargis faction was composed of Doug Hays, Selden Hargis, and one or two others, while the other side was represented by Tom Cockrill and A. S. Johnson. Cockrill was in his shirt sleeves and was unarmed, but when Sheriff Sizemore was attracted to the saloon, three revolvers were in sight, and he and Jailer Spicer took charge of them and the principals.

Doug Hays was formerly a resident of Jackson and acted as a bodyguard to Jim Hargis. He arrived here at noon to-day, to testify for the defense. Hays was present the night Tom Cockrill killed Ben Hargis in Jackson, four years ago.

Special Venue Summoned.

The special venue of 100 men, summoned from Powell County, from which to select a jury to try French, Abner and Smith, arrived here to-night, accompanied by the special elisors, Henry Brandenburg and William Tinscher, and the work of securing the jury will be taken up to-morrow morning.

Very little progress was made to-day, the entire morning being occupied with arguments by the attorneys in regard to the qualification of certain of the Lee County jurors, who qualified Tuesday afternoon. Efforts were made by the Commonwealth to disqualify several of the men, on account of their peculiar relationship to people connected with the defense, while it was also shown that some of the men had expressed an opinion of the case after they had been summoned as jurors. This, it was claimed, was especially true of Matt Plummer, William Johnson and Sylvester Roach.

Kin to Hargis and Jett.

Oral testimony was introduced by the Commonwealth to show that Plummer was a cousin of Curtis Jett, and also a relative to Jim Hargis by marriage. John W. Pendergast was introduced, and said he had talked to Johnson last Monday morning about the trial of Hargis and Callahan, and also the present trial. He said Johnson expressed the opinion that French and Abner and Smith would be acquitted. This was after Plummer had been summoned as a juror.

In the case of Sylvester Roach, testimony was given by William Hammonds that he had heard Roach express an opinion regarding the guilt or innocence of the defendants last Monday, saying at the same time that he had been summoned on the jury. Heated arguments were made by Attorney Byrd, for the prosecution, and Ben B. Golden, for the defense, after which Judge Dorsey took the question of the removal of the jurors under advisement and will render a decision before making an effort to complete the jury. Roach is a brother of George Roach, who served on the Hargis-Callahan jury.

Witness Order Granted.

Judge Dorsey to-day granted an order to summon witnesses for the defense and bring them here at the expense of the Commonwealth, and Spencer and Dan McDaniel were appointed special bailiffs to go to Perry, Leslie and Breathitt counties to secure witnesses. This order was granted over the protest of the Commonwealth on the ground that the defendants had not announced whether or not they would demand separate trials. It was contended by Attorney Byrd that if separate trials were demanded and French was tried first, he was financially able to secure the attendance of his own witnesses, and that they would find more returned than they can find to be assessed in this county.

A large number of Commonwealth witnesses arrived to-day, among them being Mose Felner, Sam Fields, Ruck and Martha Cottongame, Henderson Melton and others. Doug Hays, former bodyguard of Jim and Alex Hargis, also came in to-day. He will remain until after the trial, after which he will return to his home in Mexico, to which place he went after being indicted in Knox county.

Mr. Bryan's Party in Rome.

Roma, Aug. 8.—William J. Bryan and

his party spent the day sightseeing here visiting St. Peter's, the Roman Forum, the Coliseum, the Appian Way and the Catacombs. Mr. Bryan did not see the Pope, having had an audience with him at the time of his former visit to Rome. The American party left Rome for Lugano this evening.

DIED WHILE PREPARING  
FOR HIS MARRIAGE.

Prospective Bride of Chicago Physician Finds Him in Throes of Death.

Chicago, Aug. 8.—While preparing for his wedding, Dr. Samuel B. Crawford, thirty-two years of age, died suddenly to-day at the home of his prospective bride, Mrs. Rose Sykes. Mrs. Sykes was dressing her wedding garments, when she heard a moan from Dr. Crawford's room. Hurrying to the room, she found him lying on the floor, scarcely able to speak. A physician was immediately summoned, but Dr. Crawford died within a few minutes. On a dresser in the room a small vial containing chloral solution was found. At first it was believed that this might have been used by Dr. Crawford in ending his life, but later it was learned that he had been ill and was using the medicine to ease his pain.

SENT TO JAIL  
UNTIL THEY PAY FINES FOR  
CONTEMPT OF COURT.

Judge Lindsey Adopts Heretic Methods to Secure Evidence in Election Case.

Denver, Col., Aug. 8.—Refusing to be sworn in the franchise election contest case in the Denver County Court, George N. Ordway, president of the City Election Commission; Henry L. Doherty, president of the Denver Gas and Electric Company; Fred A. Williams, former chairman of the Republican Central County Committee, and J. Cook, Jr., a real estate dealer, were committed to the county jail to-day by Judge Ben B. Lindsey, until they pay fines of \$500 each for contempt of court.

William Lail and Theodore Griffin, watchers appointed by the Election Commission, who forcibly prevented Sheriff Alexander Nisbet last night from getting the ballot boxes which Judge Lindsey had ordered him to bring into court, were fined \$25 each. These fines were paid.

The ballot boxes wanted were delivered to the Sheriff to-day, after Justice Bailey, of the Supreme Court, refused to interfere with the contest proceedings in the County Court. The ballot boxes were opened and the ballots examined.

ALLEGED LYNCHERS  
PLACED ON TRIAL IN CIRCUIT  
COURT AT SPRINGFIELD.

Juror Hears News That His Two Children Have Been Killed by Lightning.

Springfield, Mo., Aug. 8.—The trial of the lynching cases resulting from the lynching of several men here several months ago after an assault committed by a negro was begun to-day in the Green county Circuit Court. The defendants are Galbraith, charged with murder in the first degree, and George and Blacker. Assistant Attorney General Kennish is conducting the prosecution for the State.

Soon after the trial was begun J. L. Maxey, one of the regular panel of jurors, received word that his house, fifteen miles west of Springfield, had been struck by lightning, his two children killed and the house destroyed. He was excused from further service.

The case of Hill O'Goeh was taken up first. He is charged with murder in the first degree, in that he is designated as having been one of the leaders in the mob which hanged and burned three negroes, Fred Coker, Horace Duncan and Will Allen, in the public square April 14.

O. T. Hamlin, attorney for Goeh, pleaded not guilty, in behalf of his client and then made a motion calling on the State to indorse the names of its witnesses on the indictments. Assistant Attorney General Kennish declared that the State was willing to give the defense the names of the witnesses, but objected to the formal reading of the names. Judge A. W. Lincoln sustained the motion, and the prosecuting attorney's office started on the work of furnishing the defense with the names of 527 witnesses.

EVEN JAPAN HAS A  
CANNED MEAT SCANDAL.

Victoria, B. C., Aug. 8.—The steamer Tosa, of the Japanese mail steamship line, arrived to-day from the Orient, being the second steamer of the line to come in charge of a Japanese commander. The Akti, which is following, also has a Japanese in command. The Toga Mant brought news of a Japan canned meat scandal at Hiroshima. It was found that cans labeled "boiled beef" contained horse flesh, which had been prepared in some ingenious manner and could only be identified by careful analysis.

MILITIA STILL ON  
DUTY IN CHARLOTTE.

Charlotte, N. C., Aug. 8.—Judge Long called the Roman court to order at Salisbury to-day, but the grand jury had not made a presentation of the case against George Hall, who is said to be one of the men leading the mob which lynched three negroes Monday night. Another arrest has been made, a man named Cress. The three companies of militia are still on duty around the jail and Salisbury is practically under military rule.

## QUICK ACTION IN REBATE CASE

Standard Oil Company Indicted In Chicago.

Nineteen Counts Under the  
Elkins Law.

Maximum Fine If Guilty  
Would Be \$350,000.

STORAGE CHARGES INVOLVED.

Chicago, Aug. 8.—An indictment charging the Standard Oil Company with receiving rebates in the form of nonpayment of storage charges to certain railroad companies, was returned by the Federal grand jury before Judge S. H. Bethea this afternoon. The indictment came as a surprise, inasmuch as the grand jury had just begun the investigation to-day.

The Standard Oil Company is the only defendant, no officials of the company, and no railroad companies or officials being named.

The bond of the defendant was fixed by Judge Bethea at \$25,000. This is the case investigated by the grand jury in Cleveland, O., where it was found that the grand jury had no jurisdiction. The testimony taken there was transferred to Chicago, and the documents in evidence were identified by witnesses who testified in Cleveland.

It was on this testimony and evidence that to-day's indictment was returned so quickly. The grand jury immediately resumed its session to take up the charge that the Standard Oil Company was given some rebate by railroads.

Basics of Indictment.

The indictment returned to-day contains nineteen counts, each count constituting a separate charge. The true bills come under the Elkins law, which provides a fine of from \$1,000 to \$20,000 for each violation. Under this indictment, should the Government procure a conviction on the trial of the issues, a fine of \$350,000 as a maximum under the Elkins law may be assessed.

The indictment alleges that, by a system of granting the Standard Oil Company certain concessions, the oil company benefited to the extent of \$8,506.72 during a period of time from August, 1903, to February, 1905. This indictment, as explained by the Government attorneys, means that in nineteen instances consignments of oil for the Standard Oil Company were stored by the Lake Shore and Michigan Southern Railroad Company, and that the railroad company received no payment of five cents per ton per day from the oil company for such storage, but that its competitors were compelled to pay this amount. This is equivalent to granting a concession. It is charged, the nonpayment of the storage charges being practically a rebate in favor of the oil company. Each count sets up a discrimination of from \$300 to \$500 a month in favor of the oil company. It will be necessary for officials of the Standard Oil Company to appear in court and present bond of \$25,000 for the corporation.

The Evidence.

Details of the system by which the Lake Shore and Michigan Southern Railroad Company handled the products of the Standard Oil Company were laid before the Federal Grand Jury by two officials of the railroad and one Government attaché.

J. L. Clark, General Western Freight Agent, and C. A. Slauson, local freight agent of the Lake Shore and Michigan Railroad, and George T. Roberts, tariff schedule expert for the Interstate Commerce Commission, were the men who testified. Mr. Roberts, the first witness, was given a large number of tariff schedules of various railroads handling Standard Oil business, which were taken before the Grand Jury at Cleveland, Ohio, and he identified them and at the same time explained the method of apportioning rates on oil between Whiting, Ind., Chicago and St. Louis.

Mr. Slauson was asked concerning the alleged discrimination in favor of the Standard Oil Company over competitors in the payment of storage charges on oil stored in the Eighteenth street yards of the Lake Shore road.

Second Jury Drawn.

By order of Judge Bethea, a second grand jury was drawn to-day and summoned to appear Tuesday, when this body will investigate the methods of the Standard Oil Company from where the first inquisitorial body was compelled to leave off. The second jury will begin its investigation with March, 1905.

Commissioner to Hear Case.

Birmingham, Ala., Aug. 8.—United States Commissioner Watt will hear the case to be made against the chief train dispatcher on the Louisville and Nashville Railroad, on charges of discharging a member of the Railroad Union on August 17, in Birmingham. It is learned that attorneys for the railroad will probably test the constitutionality

of the Federal act entitled "An act concerning carriers engaged in interstate commerce and their employees of January 1, 1898."

DID NOT WANT TO LIVE  
BY SELLING WHISKY.

Ernest Steinhart, Who Traveled for  
Kentucky Firm, Kills Himself  
in St. Louis.

St. Louis, Mo., Aug. 8.—After stating that he took his life rather than again earn his living by selling liquor, Ernest Steinhart, fifty-seven years of age, whose home is supposed to have been at 225 West Eighth street, New York City, committed suicide to-day by morphine. Steinhart was formerly a traveling salesman for a Kentucky whisky house, but resigned at the request of his wife.

CHALLENGE TO  
JOINT DEBATES

TO BE SENT BY HAGER TO  
HAYS.

INFORMATION GIVEN OUT BY  
FRIENDS OF AUDITOR.

EXPECTED IN NEXT TEN DAYS.

Friends of Judge S. W. Hager, who were in the city from Frankfort yesterday, stated that Judge Hager within the next week or ten days would challenge to a series of joint debates the Hon. N. B. Hays, his opponent in the present exciting contest for the Democratic nomination for Governor. Judge Hager's friends, who gave out this information, said it would probably be received with surprise, as it has been generally understood that Judge Hager was not a public speaker. They said that his speech at Pikeville last week and his speech on Monday at New Castle had caused his friends who were present to form the opinion that Judge Hager had decided to challenge his opponent to a series of joint debates to be held a little later in the campaign at important points in the State, to be agreed upon by the two opposing candidates and their friends.

Attorney General Hays has a wide reputation as a public speaker, and is known as one of the most vigorous campaigners in Kentucky. Therefore, it is believed that he will welcome the opportunity which Judge Hager's friends say he will present to Gen. Hays.

CORRECT LIST  
OF POLICYHOLDERS MUST BE  
FURNISHED COMMITTEE.

Justice Giegerich Issues an Order  
Against Mutual Life Insurance  
Company.

New York, Aug. 8.—The Mutual Life Insurance Company was ordered by Justice Giegerich to-day to furnish a correct list of its policyholders to the International Policyholders' Committee and to forward a similar list to the State Insurance department at Albany within ten days. The order was issued in response to an application for a writ of mandamus made by Col. A. M. Shook, of Tennessee, a member of the committee, and was opposed by counsel for the Mutual Life Company. Justice Giegerich denied the application of the Policyholders' Committee that their circulars be sent to policyholders on the grounds prepared for the company.

In his argument Samuel Untermyer, counsel for the committee, said that they had employed twelve post-office experts to assist in getting the committee's circulars out to policyholders and that 19 per cent. of the envelopes were returned to them undelivered. On the other hand, he said, the company having a correct list is sending circulars to the policyholders without delay in an effort to influence votes in favor of the trustees nominated by the present administration docket of the Mutual.

Mr. Brewster, for the Mutual Life Insurance Company, said that the company was not bound to supply the list week by week as Mr. Untermyer contended, but to supply one list, which had been done.

"I think," interposed Justice Giegerich, "that the policyholders should be placed in a position to receive the very latest information on all matters affecting their interests. I think that as the law recognized the right of the policyholders to govern, they should have the right to govern."

Justice Giegerich said he would issue the order desired except insofar as it applied to the use of the company's stenographers.

HAWAIIAN SINGER'S BODY  
TO BE SENT TO HONOLULU.

Memphis, Tenn., Aug. 8.—The body of the native singer, Juan P. Edwards, of the Royal Hawaiian Band, who dropped dead of heart disease Tuesday afternoon while reading a newspaper in his room at the hotel, will be started for Honolulu Friday morning, to be buried there. Edwards was one of the original members of Kawaihina Glee Club, which toured the South in 1899. At that time he played the ukulele, a small guitar of native workmanship.

MR. AND MRS. R. S. GRABLE  
AT THE SEELBACH.

Mr. and Mrs. R. S. Grable, of St. Louis, are stopping at the Seelbach. They arrived yesterday accompanying the body of Mrs. Kate E. Roberts, who was Mrs. Grable's mother. The burial was private yesterday in Cave Hill cemetery. Mr. and Mrs. Grable will be in Louisville for a few days, but will then return to St. Louis.

## FINDS NO FAULT WITH MR. VOGT

Testimony of Dr. Schachner  
Proves Surprise.

Dr. Taylor Knows Little Except  
Through Hearsay.

Miss Bohannon Makes Sensational  
Allegations.

FOUR WITNESSES EXAMINED.

Dr. August Schachner, with whom Dr. Joust Menefee conferred before bringing charges against the City Hospital management, and who was supposed to be the second star witness for the prosecution surprised everybody present at the second day's investigation conducted yesterday afternoon by the Board of Public Safety. Dr. Schachner spoke of Mr. Vogt's efficiency as superintendent, and said he was conducting the institution as well as any "ordinary" man could conduct it under the circumstances. He said he had the highest regard for Mr. Vogt, and while admitting that they had differed on certain questions during his connection with the institution as a member of the visiting staff, said that Mr. Vogt was not to blame. He censured the present members of the visiting staff for their seeming lack of interest in affairs pertaining to the City Hospital, and said he thought they needed investigation. It was the duty of the nurses and internes to look after the surgical instruments in use at the City Hospital, he declared, and see that they were kept in the proper condition. He said that in his opinion Miss Anna Shaffer, head nurse, was a conscientious worker, but that she sometimes made mistakes of judgment.

When Dr. A. O. Taylor, the first witness of the day, attempted to justify the charges signed by him against the City Hospital management, in almost no instance was he able to state of his own personal knowledge facts reflecting upon the management of the institution. He asserted that his only objection to Mr. Vogt as superintendent was that he was a druggist instead of a physician, and said so far as his own knowledge went concerning Miss Shaffer she was fully competent to act as head nurse.

Taylor Wanted Menefee's Place.

Frederick Forcht, attorney for Mr. Vogt, asked Dr. Taylor if it was not a fact that during a recent conversation with members of the Board of Public Safety he had expressed regret over the fact that charges had been preferred against the City Hospital, and that he was sorry for



head nurse of the food and treatment that she was receiving.

Miss Mary Bohannon, who was graduated from the City Hospital as a nurse recently, proved to be a strong witness for the prosecution. She said that on one occasion Miss Shafer had kicked her on the ankle because she accidentally allowed the drape to fall from a woman patient who was about to undergo a surgical operation.

"She accused me of being a street-walker," she said, "and referred to me and a girl friend of mine as ducks."

While Miss Bohannon was being cross-examined by Attorney Forcht, she cast occasional glances of defiance in the direction of Miss Shafer.

"Once when I was starting out in uniform," said Miss Bohannon, "she said: 'You can't go out in those damned stripes.' Miss Shafer said she had influence with the physicians who visited the City Hospital, and that because of her influence she could have first honors awarded to any nurse in the institution."

Roaches in Oatmeal.

When asked about the food that is served patients at the City Hospital, Miss Bohannon testified that the bread was often mouldy, and that she had found roaches in the oatmeal. She said that spoiled eggs often were sent to the wards for the patients.

"I wish you would attempt to eat a piece of the beef they serve in hash here," said Miss Bohannon, directing her remarks to Attorney Forcht. "I heard one of the nurses express the opinion once that the longer you chewed a piece of the beef, the larger it got."

She testified that she was supplied with only five towels to be used by twenty patients, and that when a patient secured a towel she generally clung to it, no matter how dirty it was, as she did not know when she would secure another.

Helm Bruce was present at the investigation yesterday afternoon and related to Mr. Pratt Dale in conducting the prosecution. The attendance yesterday was not as large as that on the opening day, Mayor Barth was not at the investigation yesterday. When the investigation was adjourned last evening at 9 o'clock Chairman Smith announced that it would be resumed this morning at 9 o'clock.

Dr. Taylor Leaves Hospital.

Dr. A. O. Taylor, who is a substitute intern at the City Hospital, and who was one of those who signed the charges made against the City Hospital management, yesterday tendered his resignation to the Board of Public Safety. Members of the board announced that the resignation would not be acted upon until the conclusion of the investigation. Despite this fact, however, Dr. Taylor left the institution last night, but before going informed Supt. Vogt that he would return this morning and meet the board.

The first witness introduced at the hearing yesterday afternoon was Dr. A. O. Taylor. His home is at Mayville. He was graduated last year from the University of Louisville Medical Department, and took second honors. He has been a substitute intern at the City Hospital since June 1. Dr. Taylor stated that he knew John Almond, receiving clerk at the City Hospital, and that he was inclined to be rough and gruff. He cited an instance of the wife of Dr. Taylor, who was a nurse at the City Hospital, who told him that she had been required to make a substitute intern at the City Hospital since June 1. Dr. Taylor stated that he knew John Almond, receiving clerk at the City Hospital, and that he was inclined to be rough and gruff. He cited an instance of the wife of Dr. Taylor, who was a nurse at the City Hospital, who told him that she had been required to make a substitute intern at the City Hospital since June 1.

Charges Aimed at Miss Shafer and Almond.

"When asked Miss Shafer and John Almond were called to the stand. When asked if he went over the head of Superintendent Vogt in the matter, he replied that he did not. When asked if he had been required to make a substitute intern at the City Hospital since June 1, he replied that he had not.

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patient is permitted to leave the City Hospital," he asked.

"Sometimes," he replied, "I have seen patients under your charge leaving the hospital without your having been consulted," he asked.

This question was objected to by Attorney Forcht, but the objection was overruled.

"In this case," replied Dr. Taylor, "in reply to the question, he could give the name of only one such patient, Sam Houston, who was a patient in the City Hospital. He had an ulcer on his leg, but was not a patient in the City Hospital. Dr. Taylor said the condition of the colored ward was bad, and that patients had been kept in the operating and dressing room in bad condition."

"Cutting and needles were rarely on hand," he said, "and knives were not kept in good condition. He said that as a rule the knives were not sharp."

When asked about the condition of the clothing patients, Dr. Taylor said he had no criticism to make.

When cross-examined by Mr. Forcht, Dr. Taylor said he was twenty-three years old and had been in Louisville about three years.

When asked whether he had any feelings against Miss Shafer, Dr. Taylor said he had no criticism to make.

When asked whether he had not stated in the board of Public Safety that he had been required to make a substitute intern at the City Hospital since June 1, Dr. Taylor said he had no criticism to make.

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"to open him up." The negro was badly shot and "bled furiously." A post-mortem was performed and it was supposed that the negro was supposed to be a patient in the City Hospital. Dr. Taylor said that he had been required to make a substitute intern at the City Hospital since June 1.

Dr. Schachner said that in several instances thereafter, Mr. Vogt had failed to bring in a certain patient, he said. Mr. Vogt discontinued the use of serum in a certain patient, he said. He said that he called Mr. Vogt's attention to the fact that Mr. Vogt said it was his thing, he said.

"The use of the serum was very essential," he said, "and in my judgment there is no cheaper drug that would have accomplished the same work."

When asked about the condition of the patients in the hospital, Dr. Schachner said that there was a hard question to answer and to justice to Mr. Vogt. He said that he had been required to make a substitute intern at the City Hospital since June 1.

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## PEASANT LEADER

To Be Tried According to Surrounding Frank Longaker's Death Clearing.

Rules of Warfare.

MINISTRY PREPARING FOR FAR-REACHING CAMPAIGN.

CABINET GOING TO MEASURES TO BE TAKEN.

STOLYKH VISITS PETERHOF.

St. Petersburg, Aug. 8.—M. Onipko, the peasant member of the late Parliament, who was captured and handed at Cronstadt after the mutiny there, will be tried, it is said, according to the rules of warfare and participation in an armed revolt, the penalty for which is death.

The ministry already is beginning a far-reaching campaign preparatory to the election of a more tractable Parliament in December. The ministers insist on a programme that will consist of the promulgation of definite reforms and the nomination of candidates who will represent these instead of letting the elections go by default as was the case in the last assembly. They disclaim all intention of attempting to throttle public sentiment, but it is noticeable that their first step was taken through the police, who were asked to report on the possible governmental candidates for seats.

Cabinet Session.

The session of the Cabinet to-day was devoted to measures of famine relief, which is recognized as one of the most serious problems in the Administration at the present time. It was a quiet campaign argument. It was decided to recommend to the Emperor an additional credit of \$7,500,000 in addition to the \$7,500,000 voted by Parliament for this use, \$2,500,000 of which was to be provided for food and employment to keep the stricken population from starvation and the remainder for the purchase of seed. Among the public works recommended were the construction of flood embankments, ports and other improvements on the Volga, on the unskilled labor in the chief famine districts, and the purchase of which \$500,000 was voted at the recommendation of Premier Stoltykh.

The official telegraph agency to-night reports the formation at Ekaterinburg of a reactionary organization whose purpose is to oppose the Government for every official killed by the Revolutionaries. The murder of the ex-deputy, Hectzer, is mentioned in connection with this. The agency also reports an encounter between police and workmen at Kostroma during which Cossacks were summoned and dispersed the crowd with a volley. No mention of the casualties is made.

St. Petersburg, Aug. 8.—The Emperor's appointment of Prince Vasiliy to the post of Minister of Agriculture, Mr. Filosofov, as Minister of Commerce, and M. Iwolsky, brother of the Foreign Minister, as Procurator General of the Holy Synod, Prince Vasiliy is a Marshal of the nobility of Novgorod. M. Filosofov was formerly a member of the Council of State. M. Iwolsky is now Assistant Minister of Education.

Papal Suspends Seances.

St. Petersburg, Aug. 8.—The Bourse Gazette announces that Papius, the spiritualist, who is said to have had great influence over the Czar, has gone abroad for medical treatment as his nervous system is shattered by the pressure of his position.

Bomb-Throwing at Sosnovice.

Sosnovice, Russian Poland, Aug. 8.—A bomb was thrown to-day into the station of Sosnovice, on the railway station. One man was killed and many were wounded. A frightful panic ensued, resulting in injury to many other persons. The thrower of the bomb escaped.

Terrorists Still Busy.

Warsaw, Aug. 8.—The terrorists are continually attacking and robbing post-offices, government spirit shops, and the like. The General has ordered that henceforth the inhabitants of villages, communities and the like, who are the victims of these crimes shall pay the losses resulting from such robberies.

An Unfounded Statement.

St. Petersburg, Aug. 8.—The official telegraph agency has issued an authorized statement declaring that the statement published to-day to the effect that the Emperor intended to place Grand Duke Nicholas Nikolaevich in immediate command of the whole army is devoid of foundation.

EX-LOUISVILLE MAN KILLED IN ST. LOUIS.

William Heinrich, a Saloonkeeper, Knocked Down by Car, Death Being Instantaneous.

St. Louis, Mo., Aug. 8.—(Special.)—In less than ten minutes after leaving his home in delirium, William Heinrich, aged 28, a saloonkeeper, formerly of Louisville, Ky., was killed last night by a C. & O. street car, between Arlington and Union streets.

He was dragged 100 feet, after being struck, being caught between the wheels of the forward truck of the car. Workmen had to raise the car to remove the mangled body. Death was probably instantaneous.

Heinrich came to St. Louis from Louisville three and a half years ago. He is not thought to have committed suicide, as his saloon was paying him good profits.

Sister Mary Magdalen, of Watertown, Mass., Is Selected.

Boston, Mass., Aug. 8.—It was today announced that Sister Mary Magdalen, of Watertown, Mass., a Boston suburb, has been selected to the highest position in the Dominican Order, that of mother superior, with headquarters at Springfield, Ky. Mother Magdalen has for many years been teacher of education at St. Patrick's parochial school in Watertown, where she is well beloved. She is also widely known in Charlestown, Mass., having been assigned to that district for some years prior to her removal to Watertown. She will shortly leave for her new post.

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SUMMER RESORTS.

**CAPE MAY, NEW JERSEY**  
SWEEPED BY OCEAN BREEZES







FAVORITE WNS  
FEATURE RACEMiss Doyle, Heavily Played,  
Takes Condition Event

At Latonia.

## STEEPLECHASE INTERESTING.

Joe Hawkins and Other Prominent  
Western Owners to Race at  
Midland Course.

## TWO FIRST CHOICES WIN.

## LATONIA SELECTIONS.

First Race—Leo Bright, Alma Gardia, Prince of Pless.  
Second Race—Demio, Orlandwick, Prince of Pless.  
Third Race—Red Thistle, Martha Celia, Duesse.  
Fourth Race—Wee Lass, Doves, Nonie Lucille.  
Fifth Race—Saindrin, Friction, Oveland.  
Sixth Race—Aitrah, Greel, Miss Anxious.  
Seventh Race—Barkemore, Kenton, Albert.  
Eighth Race—The one best bet, Wee Lass, Fourth Race.

LATONIA, Ky., Aug. 8.—(Special.)—Notwithstanding the severe drubbing which the talent experienced during the past few days, the form-players came back fresh to-day, to do battle with the layers in greatly augmented numbers. While the first choices continued to be bowled over with regularity, the big midweek crowd in attendance was treated to a very fair order of racing.

The day's feature, the third on the program, a condition event, being won by the heavily-supported first choice, Miss Doyle. The Millett mare was easily the best-favored favorite of the afternoon, and after the withdrawal of the last contender, Elastic, the big bettors found an opportunity to recoup their losses of the past few days, and unloaded their bank rolls both in the local ring as well as in the neighboring room.

The steeplechase, which was in the nature of an added attraction to the afternoon card, while bringing forth only a very ordinary lot of "toppers," was productive of a real clean race, and the finish, which returned the well-played second choice, Doves, the winner, was rewarded with rounds of applause.

Several owners who have been racing late at the Canadian tracks have applied for stable room here. Joe Hawkins is among those anxious to race over the Midland course, and will not be accommodated with stall room. Hawkins' string, which includes such well-tried performers as Henry Walden, Hyperion and H. Wing, Ting and Margaret. Morris would be a valuable acquisition to the depleted ranks hereabouts.

Miller Henderson has taken a string of six belonging to Al Elvey to Louisville, where they will be tested up until the meeting at the Fair City opens on Labor day.

## Prince of Pless First.

The day's opener was one of those cheap condition affairs that do not call for much, but which very often prove excellent betting races. The feature was the first choice, Elastic, the big bettors found an opportunity to recoup their losses of the past few days, and unloaded their bank rolls both in the local ring as well as in the neighboring room.

## Beautiful Mayo Improves.

Beautiful Mayo, which ran in blinkers to-day, showed improvement over her previous efforts. Breaking well in motion she had no trouble in getting away, and she was well in front of the field when she was sent to the post. She was well in front of the field when she was sent to the post. She was well in front of the field when she was sent to the post.

## Heavy Play on Miss Doyle.

With Elastic and Maj. Dainefield, which figured the race contenders, drawn Miss Doyle, although being placed by Perret, was made an odds-on favorite, and was probably the heaviest supported first choice of the afternoon. The way the race was run the Millett mare was much the best. Under the guidance of Perret, she was well in front of the field, and in the run home she was so much the best that she was well in front of the field, and in the run home she was so much the best that she was well in front of the field.

## Dalesman's Steeplechase.

The steeplechase over the clubhouse course and ended as the added attraction to the day's card brought forth a very mediocre lot of "toppers," of which the entry of Johnny Perla, Modrevel and Solon were the main features. As even money, however, persistent rumors of a fifth effect that Solon was very rank and the main feature of the race, the appearance of a world of money on Dalesman's Steeplechase was quite consistent through the field, had the effect of allowing the price to advance to the first choice to recede, until it was 2 to 1. Solon was in plenty. Solon proved to be a high brush at the water jump. He King showed the way over the water jump, and both all over the winner, but when he came to the water jump, he was well in front of the field, and in the run home she was so much the best that she was well in front of the field.

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## DIED-JOURNAL FORM CHART

LATONIA, August 8, 1906.—Sixty-first Day of the Spring Meeting of the Latonia Jockey Club. Weather clear. Track good.

Presiding Judge M. N. MacFarlan, Starter Jake Holtman, Secretary John B. Dillon, Racing Secretary and Handicapper Lyman H. Davis.

574.—FIRST RACE—Six furlongs; purse \$400; for three-year-olds and upward; selling. Start 1:15. Winner, \$1.50; second, \$1.00; third, \$0.50. Winner, \$1.50; second, \$1.00; third, \$0.50.

575.—SECOND RACE—Five furlongs; purse \$400; for two-year-olds and upward; selling. Start 1:15. Winner, \$1.50; second, \$1.00; third, \$0.50. Winner, \$1.50; second, \$1.00; third, \$0.50.

576.—THIRD RACE—Seven furlongs; purse \$400; for three-year-olds and upward; selling. Start 1:15. Winner, \$1.50; second, \$1.00; third, \$0.50. Winner, \$1.50; second, \$1.00; third, \$0.50.

577.—FOURTH RACE—Clubhouse course; steeplechase; purse \$400; for three-year-olds and upward; selling. Start 1:15. Winner, \$1.50; second, \$1.00; third, \$0.50. Winner, \$1.50; second, \$1.00; third, \$0.50.

578.—FIFTH RACE—Six furlongs; purse \$400; for three-year-olds and upward; selling. Start 1:15. Winner, \$1.50; second, \$1.00; third, \$0.50. Winner, \$1.50; second, \$1.00; third, \$0.50.

579.—SIXTH RACE—Six furlongs; purse \$400; for three-year-olds and upward; selling. Start 1:15. Winner, \$1.50; second, \$1.00; third, \$0.50. Winner, \$1.50; second, \$1.00; third, \$0.50.

580.—SEVENTH RACE—One and one-half miles; purse \$400; for four-year-olds and upward; selling. Start 1:15. Winner, \$1.50; second, \$1.00; third, \$0.50. Winner, \$1.50; second, \$1.00; third, \$0.50.

581.—EIGHTH RACE—One and one-half miles; purse \$400; for four-year-olds and upward; selling. Start 1:15. Winner, \$1.50; second, \$1.00; third, \$0.50. Winner, \$1.50; second, \$1.00; third, \$0.50.

582.—NINTH RACE—One and one-half miles; purse \$400; for four-year-olds and upward; selling. Start 1:15. Winner, \$1.50; second, \$1.00; third, \$0.50. Winner, \$1.50; second, \$1.00; third, \$0.50.

583.—TENTH RACE—One and one-half miles; purse \$400; for four-year-olds and upward; selling. Start 1:15. Winner, \$1.50; second, \$1.00; third, \$0.50. Winner, \$1.50; second, \$1.00; third, \$0.50.

584.—ELEVENTH RACE—One and one-half miles; purse \$400; for four-year-olds and upward; selling. Start 1:15. Winner, \$1.50; second, \$1.00; third, \$0.50. Winner, \$1.50; second, \$1.00; third, \$0.50.

585.—TWELFTH RACE—One and one-half miles; purse \$400; for four-year-olds and upward; selling. Start 1:15. Winner, \$1.50; second, \$1.00; third, \$0.50. Winner, \$1.50; second, \$1.00; third, \$0.50.

586.—THIRTEENTH RACE—One and one-half miles; purse \$400; for four-year-olds and upward; selling. Start 1:15. Winner, \$1.50; second, \$1.00; third, \$0.50. Winner, \$1.50; second, \$1.00; third, \$0.50.

587.—FOURTEENTH RACE—One and one-half miles; purse \$400; for four-year-olds and upward; selling. Start 1:15. Winner, \$1.50; second, \$1.00; third, \$0.50. Winner, \$1.50; second, \$1.00; third, \$0.50.

588.—FIFTEENTH RACE—One and one-half miles; purse \$400; for four-year-olds and upward; selling. Start 1:15. Winner, \$1.50; second, \$1.00; third, \$0.50. Winner, \$1.50; second, \$1.00; third, \$0.50.

589.—SIXTEENTH RACE—One and one-half miles; purse \$400; for four-year-olds and upward; selling. Start 1:15. Winner, \$1.50; second, \$1.00; third, \$0.50. Winner, \$1.50; second, \$1.00; third, \$0.50.

590.—SEVENTEENTH RACE—One and one-half miles; purse \$400; for four-year-olds and upward; selling. Start 1:15. Winner, \$1.50; second, \$1.00; third, \$0.50. Winner, \$1.50; second, \$1.00; third, \$0.50.

591.—EIGHTEENTH RACE—One and one-half miles; purse \$400; for four-year-olds and upward; selling. Start 1:15. Winner, \$1.50; second, \$1.00; third, \$0.50. Winner, \$1.50; second, \$1.00; third, \$0.50.

592.—NINETEENTH RACE—One and one-half miles; purse \$400; for four-year-olds and upward; selling. Start 1:15. Winner, \$1.50; second, \$1.00; third, \$0.50. Winner, \$1.50; second, \$1.00; third, \$0.50.

593.—TWENTIETH RACE—One and one-half miles; purse \$400; for four-year-olds and upward; selling. Start 1:15. Winner, \$1.50; second, \$1.00; third, \$0.50. Winner, \$1.50; second, \$1.00; third, \$0.50.

594.—TWENTY-FIRST RACE—One and one-half miles; purse \$400; for four-year-olds and upward; selling. Start 1:15. Winner, \$1.50; second, \$1.00; third, \$0.50. Winner, \$1.50; second, \$1.00; third, \$0.50.

595.—TWENTY-SECOND RACE—One and one-half miles; purse \$400; for four-year-olds and upward; selling. Start 1:15. Winner, \$1.50; second, \$1.00; third, \$0.50. Winner, \$1.50; second, \$1.00; third, \$0.50.

596.—TWENTY-THIRD RACE—One and one-half miles; purse \$400; for four-year-olds and upward; selling. Start 1:15. Winner, \$1.50; second, \$1.00; third, \$0.50. Winner, \$1.50; second, \$1.00; third, \$0.50.

597.—TWENTY-FOURTH RACE—One and one-half miles; purse \$400; for four-year-olds and upward; selling. Start 1:15. Winner, \$1.50; second, \$1.00; third, \$0.50. Winner, \$1.50; second, \$1.00; third, \$0.50.

598.—TWENTY-FIFTH RACE—One and one-half miles; purse \$400; for four-year-olds and upward; selling. Start 1:15. Winner, \$1.50; second, \$1.00; third, \$0.50. Winner, \$1.50; second, \$1.00; third, \$0.50.

599.—TWENTY-SIXTH RACE—One and one-half miles; purse \$400; for four-year-olds and upward; selling. Start 1:15. Winner, \$1.50; second, \$1.00; third, \$0.50. Winner, \$1.50; second, \$1.00; third, \$0.50.

600.—TWENTY-SEVENTH RACE—One and one-half miles; purse \$400; for four-year-olds and upward; selling. Start 1:15. Winner, \$1.50; second, \$1.00; third, \$0.50. Winner, \$1.50; second, \$1.00; third, \$0.50.

601.—TWENTY-EIGHTH RACE—One and one-half miles; purse \$400; for four-year-olds and upward; selling. Start 1:15. Winner, \$1.50; second, \$1.00; third, \$0.50. Winner, \$1.50; second, \$1.00; third, \$0.50.

602.—TWENTY-NINTH RACE—One and one-half miles; purse \$400; for four-year-olds and upward; selling. Start 1:15. Winner, \$1.50; second, \$1.00; third, \$0.50. Winner, \$1.50; second, \$1.00; third, \$0.50.

603.—THIRTIETH RACE—One and one-half miles; purse \$400; for four-year-olds and upward; selling. Start 1:15. Winner, \$1.50; second, \$1.00; third, \$0.50. Winner, \$1.50; second, \$1.00; third, \$0.50.

604.—THIRTY-FIRST RACE—One and one-half miles; purse \$400; for four-year-olds and upward; selling. Start 1:15. Winner, \$1.50; second, \$1.00; third, \$0.50. Winner, \$1.50; second, \$1.00; third, \$0.50.

605.—THIRTY-SECOND RACE—One and one-half miles; purse \$400; for four-year-olds and upward; selling. Start 1:15. Winner, \$1.50; second, \$1.00; third, \$0.50. Winner, \$1.50; second, \$1.00; third, \$0.50.

606.—THIRTY-THIRD RACE—One and one-half miles; purse \$400; for four-year-olds and upward; selling. Start 1:15. Winner, \$1.50; second, \$1.00; third, \$0.50. Winner, \$1.50; second, \$1.00; third, \$0.50.

607.—THIRTY-FOURTH RACE—One and one-half miles; purse \$400; for four-year-olds and upward; selling. Start 1:15. Winner, \$1.50; second, \$1.00; third, \$0.50. Winner, \$1.50; second, \$1.00; third, \$0.50.

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611.—THIRTY-EIGHTH RACE—One and one-half miles; purse \$400; for four-year-olds and upward; selling. Start 1:15. Winner, \$1.50; second, \$1.00; third, \$0.50. Winner, \$1.50; second, \$1.00; third, \$0.50.

612.—THIRTY-NINTH RACE—One and one-half miles; purse \$400; for four-year-olds and upward; selling. Start 1:15. Winner, \$1.50; second, \$1.00; third, \$0.50. Winner, \$1.50; second, \$1.00; third, \$0.50.

613.—FORTIETH RACE—One and one-half miles; purse \$400; for four-year-olds and upward; selling. Start 1:15. Winner, \$1.50; second, \$1.00; third, \$0.50. Winner, \$1.50; second, \$1.00; third, \$0.50.

614.—FORTY-FIRST RACE—One and one-half miles; purse \$400; for four-year-olds and upward; selling. Start 1:15. Winner, \$1.50; second, \$1.00; third, \$0.50. Winner, \$1.50; second, \$1.00; third, \$0.50.

615.—FORTY-SECOND RACE—One and one-half miles; purse \$400; for four-year-olds and upward; selling. Start 1:15. Winner, \$1.50; second, \$1.00; third, \$0.50. Winner, \$1.50; second, \$1.00; third, \$0.50.

616.—FORTY-THIRD RACE—One and one-half miles; purse \$400; for four-year-olds and upward; selling. Start 1:15. Winner, \$1.50; second, \$1.00; third, \$0.50. Winner, \$1.50; second, \$1.00; third, \$0.50.

617.—FORTY-FOURTH RACE—One and one-half miles; purse \$400; for four-year-olds and upward; selling. Start 1:15. Winner, \$1.50; second, \$1.00; third, \$0.50. Winner, \$1.50; second, \$1.00; third, \$0.50.

618.—FORTY-FIFTH RACE—One and one-half miles; purse \$400; for four-year-olds and upward; selling. Start 1:15. Winner, \$1.50; second, \$1.00; third, \$0.50. Winner, \$1.50; second, \$1.00; third, \$0.50.

619.—FORTY-SIXTH RACE—One and one-half miles; purse \$400; for four-year-olds and upward; selling. Start 1:15. Winner, \$1.50; second, \$1.00; third, \$0.50. Winner, \$1.50; second, \$1.00; third, \$0.50.

620.—FORTY-SEVENTH RACE—One and one-half miles; purse \$400; for four-year-olds and upward; selling. Start 1:15. Winner, \$1.50; second, \$1.00; third, \$0.50. Winner, \$1.50; second, \$1.00; third, \$0.50.

AMERICANS CREATE  
GOOD IMPRESSION.

BOUTNE END, Eng., Aug. 8.—Harvard and Cambridge were about twice today, and were watched by large crowds on both banks of the river and by the occupants of hundreds of boats.

The American crewmen are creating a splendid impression, not only on account of their seamanship, but as good sportsmen. Each crew has had the satisfaction of seeing the other in its racing shell, but so far the crews have not indulged in any serious work till they are now in the water, but they indulged only in light work today.

THIRD RACE—Five furlongs; selling. Start 1:15. Winner, \$1.50; second, \$1.00; third, \$0.50. Winner, \$1.50; second, \$1.00; third, \$0.50.

FOURTH RACE—Five furlongs; selling. Start 1:15. Winner, \$1.50; second, \$1.00; third, \$0.50. Winner, \$1.50; second, \$1.00; third, \$0.50.

FIFTH RACE—Five furlongs; selling. Start 1:15. Winner, \$1.50; second, \$1.00; third, \$0.50. Winner, \$1.50; second, \$1.00; third, \$0.50.

SIXTH RACE—Five furlongs; selling. Start 1:15. Winner, \$1.50; second, \$1.00; third, \$0.50. Winner, \$1.50; second, \$1.00; third, \$0.50.

SEVENTH RACE—Five furlongs; selling. Start 1:15. Winner, \$1.50; second, \$1.00; third, \$0.50. Winner, \$1.50; second, \$1.00; third, \$0.50.

EIGHTH RACE—Five furlongs; selling. Start 1:15. Winner, \$1.50; second, \$1.00; third, \$0.50. Winner, \$1.50; second, \$1.00; third, \$0.50.

NINTH RACE—Five furlongs; selling. Start 1:15. Winner, \$1.50; second, \$1.00; third, \$0.50. Winner, \$1.50; second, \$1.00; third, \$0.50.

TENTH RACE—Five furlongs; selling. Start 1:15. Winner, \$1.50; second, \$1.00; third, \$0.50. Winner, \$1.50; second, \$1.00; third, \$0.50.

ELEVENTH RACE—Five furlongs; selling. Start 1:15. Winner, \$1.50; second, \$1.00; third, \$0.50. Winner, \$1.50; second, \$1.00; third, \$0.50.

TWELFTH RACE—Five furlongs; selling. Start 1:15. Winner, \$1.50; second, \$1.00; third, \$0.50. Winner, \$1.50; second, \$1.00; third, \$0.50.

THIRTEENTH RACE—Five furlongs; selling. Start 1:15. Winner, \$1.50; second, \$1.00; third, \$0.50. Winner, \$1.50; second, \$1.00; third, \$0.50.

FOURTEENTH RACE—Five furlongs; selling. Start 1:15. Winner, \$1.50; second, \$1.00; third, \$0.50. Winner, \$1.50; second, \$1.00; third, \$0.50.

FIFTEENTH RACE—Five furlongs; selling. Start 1:15. Winner, \$1.50; second, \$1.00; third, \$0.50. Winner, \$1.50; second, \$1.00; third, \$0.50.

SIXTEENTH RACE—Five furlongs; selling. Start 1:15. Winner, \$1.50; second, \$1.00; third, \$0.50. Winner, \$1.50; second, \$1.00; third, \$0.50.

SEVENTEENTH RACE—Five furlongs; selling. Start 1:15. Winner, \$1.50; second, \$1.00; third, \$0.50. Winner, \$1.50; second, \$1.00; third, \$0.50.

EIGHTEENTH RACE—Five furlongs; selling. Start 1:15. Winner, \$1.50; second, \$1.00; third, \$0.50. Winner, \$1.50; second, \$1.00; third, \$0.50.

NINETEENTH RACE—Five furlongs; selling. Start 1:15. Winner, \$1.50; second, \$1.00; third, \$0.50. Winner, \$1.50; second, \$1.00; third, \$0.50.

TWENTY RACE—Five furlongs; selling. Start 1:15. Winner, \$1.50; second, \$1.00; third, \$0.50. Winner, \$1.50; second, \$1.00; third, \$0.50.

TWENTY-ONE RACE—Five furlongs; selling. Start 1:15. Winner, \$1.50; second, \$1.00; third, \$0.50. Winner, \$1.50; second, \$1.00; third, \$0.50.

FAVORITE WNS  
SPINAWAY STAKEKeene's Court Dress Takes  
Big Filly Event At  
Saratoga.

RADTKE BEATS THE BARRIER.

Gets Winner Off in Front, and She  
Finishes First by Two  
Lengths.

## ZIENAP WAS SECOND AT SPA.

SARATOGA, N. Y., Aug. 8.—James  
R. Keene's Court Dress, the 4-to-1  
favorite, won the Spinaway  
Stakes, for two-year-old fillies,  
five and a half furlongs, at Saratoga  
to-day, defeating Kennytto and Montie,  
Mr. Keene started Court Dress and Montie,  
and the entry was made on odds-on  
favorites at 7 to 10. Kennytto and Montie,  
of the John Sanford stable, were  
quoted at 15 to 1.

Radtke, on Court Dress, beat the barrier and secured a running start. He opened up a gap of two lengths in the run down the back stretch and around the far turn. In the stretch, Court Dress held her lead and won by two lengths. Kennytto was second, a head behind Montie. Five favorites were successful. Summaries:

First Race—Five furlongs: Court Dress, 19 (Keene), 7 to 1; Kennytto, 15 (Sanford), 15 to 1; Montie, 15 (Sanford), 15 to 1.

Second Race—Five furlongs: Zienap, 10 (Sewell), 6 to 1; West, 10 (Sewell), 6 to 1; Zienap, 10 (Sewell), 6 to 1.

Third Race—Five furlongs: Zienap, 10 (Sewell), 6 to 1; West, 10 (Sewell), 6 to 1; Zienap, 10 (Sewell), 6 to 1.











## Choice of all our finest Straw Hats

(Panamas excepted)

# \$2

English split brims, French  
Palm, Milano, etc. Dress  
styles and negligees. All hats  
left of this season's \$3 and \$4  
goods—supplemented with re-  
cent purchases to supply broken  
lines and give all sizes, from  
6 1/2 to 7 1/2. Choice for \$2.

New fancy bands, for negligee  
and straw hats, 50c.

### Levy's Third and Market

## Courier-Journal

TRADES UNION COUNCIL  
LOUISVILLE, KY.

THURSDAY, AUGUST 9, 1906

### NOTICE TO SUM- MER WANDERERS.

Have The Courier-Journal  
forwarded to your address when  
you go away on your vacation.  
If you are now a paid-up sub-  
scriber, please let us know when  
you order the paper forwarded,  
and also let us know if you de-  
sire it stopped at your home  
address. Be careful to give post-  
office, hotel or street address in  
all cases.

### BRANCH LIBRARY

#### WANTED BY THE PEOPLE OF SOUTH LOUISVILLE.

Louisville and Nashville Railroad  
Company Will Contribute Money  
to Purchase Site.

At the regular monthly meeting  
of the Board of Trustees of the Louisville  
Free Public Library, held yesterday  
afternoon, a communication from an  
official of the Louisville and Nashville  
Railroad Company in which it was  
stated that the company was willing to  
contribute an amount of money for the  
purchase of a site for a branch library  
to be located in South Louisville, was  
read. The matter of sites for the pro-  
posed branch libraries in South Louis-  
ville and Crescent Hill were then re-  
solved by vote of the board to the  
Building Committee for investigation  
of offers made by various property  
owners with instructions to report to  
the board with recommendations.

A communication was received from  
the architect of the new library build-  
ing suggesting the children's room be  
located in the east instead of the west  
wing of the second story as was  
originally planned. The board, how-  
ever, expressed its preference for the  
original plan and also for the retention  
of the corridor as planned for both  
wings of the second floor.

The report of Librarian Rust for the  
month of July was read and accepted.  
During the month 580 volumes were  
added, making a total of \$24,437.10  
in the library. New cardholders to the  
number of 632 were added, making a  
total of 8,328 patrons.

On a favorable report of the Audit-  
ing Committee, bills to the amount of  
\$1,938.54 were ordered paid.

In the absence of Mayor Barth, Col.  
Bennett H. Young presided at the meeting.

#### CHARGED WITH VIOLATING INTERNAL REVENUE LAWS.

Charged with selling whiskey without  
paying Government tax in Hardin and  
Grayson counties, James Tribbling, of  
Big Clifty, Grayson county, Ky., was  
locked up in the county jail yesterday  
to await trial in the United States  
Court in October. Tribbling, who re-  
sided on his farm by T. J. Cundiff,  
deputy marshal, and Deputy Sheriff  
James Tully, of Grayson county. He  
is alleged to have been at the head of  
a gang which operated at picnics and  
reunions in Hardin and Grayson  
counties. The plan of disposing of the  
whisky, according to the Marshal, was  
as follows: A barrel of it was secreted  
in the woods about half a mile from  
a picnic or outing party, and the liquor  
in pint flasks was sold to purchasers  
hands. Tribbling's bail was fixed at  
\$500 by John H. Rice, United States  
Commissioner, of Letchfield.

#### \$6.00 Mammoth Cane and Return.

Including guide fee for long route and  
two meals at hotel. Personally conducted  
special train leaves Tenth and Broad-  
way at 7:30 a. m. Saturday, August 12.  
For further particulars and descriptive  
matter apply at N. and N. Ticket  
Office, Fourth and Main sts. Phone 28.

#### KENTUCKY FAIR DATES.

Uniontown, August 7-8 days.  
Hartsville, August 7-8 days.  
Fern Creek, August 14-15 days.  
Falmouth, August 22-23 days.  
Springfield, August 15-16 days.  
Bloomington, August 15-16 days.  
Mt. Olivet, August 22-23 days.  
Lawrenceburg, August 22-23 days.  
Burlington, August 22-23 days.  
Elizabethtown, August 22-23 days.  
Columbia, August 22-23 days.  
Elizabethtown, August 22-23 days.  
London, August 22-23 days.  
Shelbyville, August 22-23 days.  
Crittenden, August 22-23 days.  
Ewing, August 22-23 days.  
Elizabethtown, September 4-5 days.  
Somerset, September 4-5 days.  
Falmouth, September 4-5 days.  
Hartsville, September 4-5 days.  
Monticello, September 11-12 days.  
Glasgow, September 12-13 days.  
State Fair, Louisville, September 17-22.  
Lexington, September 17-22 days.  
Hartford, September 17-22 days.  
Henderson, September 25-26 days.  
Palmouth, September 25-26 days.  
Pembroke, September 25-26 days.  
Owensboro, October 2-3 days.  
Mayfield, October 2-3 days.  
Elkton, October 2-3 days.

## HIGH-CLASS

### Races Will Be Held During State Fair.

#### UNDER AUSPICES OF AMERICAN TURF ASSOCIATION.

#### THREE RACES WILL BE RUN EACH DAY.

#### M. J. WINN MAKES STATEMENT.

Assurance of the high class of races  
that will be held at Churchill Downs  
during the State Fair was given yester-  
day by Col. M. J. Winn, who has the  
race in charge. Col. Winn held a  
conference yesterday with J. B.  
Bowles, secretary of the fair, and  
Charles B. Norton and Lytle Hudson,  
of the Board of Control. He said that  
the races would be held under the aus-  
pices of the American Turf Associa-  
tion, that it would be a regularly il-  
luminated meeting, and subject to all  
the rules of the turf governing body. The  
officials will be approved by the A. T. A.  
and the races will be recorded just  
as are the races at spring meetings at  
Churchill Downs. Horses winning here  
will be penalized as at regular meetings  
and being horses will be entitled to  
the same allowances. Only owners and  
jockeys in good standing will be al-  
lowed to race, and in every detail the  
meeting will be conducted in the most  
approved fashion.

Col. Winn has practically completed  
his list of officials, which will be sent  
to the American Turf Association for  
approval at the time dates for the  
meeting are asked. Judges Charles  
Price and Charles F. Grainger will be  
in the stand. Lyman Davis will be  
racing secretary and George Linden-  
berger official time. Col. Winn will,  
of course, have charge as at regular  
meetings at the track.

#### Three Races a Day.

The programme has not yet been  
made up, but will include three races a  
day. The first of the meeting from a  
man's cup race, which always serves  
to attract splendid crowds to the  
Downs. Two steeplechases will be run,  
probably on Monday and Thursday af-  
ternoons.

The superintendent of the track has  
been instructed by Col. Winn to begin  
immediate preparations on the course  
for the races. As there is to be a trot-  
ting and pacing race, the gentlemen of  
the track will be considerably harden-  
ed for the benefit of the harness horses.  
Track, the most suitable for thorough-  
breds, though not conducive to fast  
time. It will be watered daily between  
noon and the fair, and rolled in order  
to keep it down. This condition will  
suit the owners and trainers of running  
horses admirably, as the horses at that  
time will be racing at Douglas Park,  
which was built for training purposes.  
Churchill Downs is better than that of  
any other track in the country. It will also mean  
better time than is usually hung out at  
the regular meetings of the New Louis-  
ville Jockey Club.

#### Will Be High-Class.

"The races at the fair will be first-  
class in every respect," said Col. Winn  
yesterday. "They will not be like the  
races ordinarily held at fairs, but will  
be in exactly the same line as the  
body, and where the officials are as  
practically but little authority. A jock-  
ey set down or an owner ruled off will  
be in exactly the same position as if  
the judges had acted on Derby day.  
It means that the racing will be clean  
and free from the breath of suspicion.  
Of course, it is not necessary for me to  
say anything as to the character and  
ability of Judges Price and Grainger,  
and with them in the stand, the public  
will know that they will see horse  
races and not hippodromes. I realize  
that the public will see horse races,  
and intend to have on the programme each  
day at least one race of a mile or over,  
and most popular races are always  
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and spectators like to have a good view  
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